

Department of Mathematics and Statistics
University of Massachusetts
Topology qualifying exam
Monday, January 13, 2020

Answer all seven questions. Justify your answers.

Passing standard: 70% with four questions essentially complete.

1. Let X, Y be topological spaces. Prove the following:
 - (a) For any subset $A \subset X$, we have $\overline{X \setminus A} = X \setminus \text{Int}(A)$.
 - (b) A map $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is closed $\iff f(\overline{A}) \supset \overline{f(A)}$ for all $A \subset X$.
(Recall that a map is closed if it maps closed sets to closed sets.)
2. A topological space X is *normal* if points are closed, and, for any pair of disjoint closed sets $A, B \subset X$, there are disjoint open sets $U, V \subset X$ with $A \subset U$ and $B \subset V$. Let Y be a closed subspace of a normal space X . Show that Y and the quotient X/Y are normal.
3. Let $M = M_1 \times M_2$, where M_i is a topological manifold of dimension m_i , for each $i = 1, 2$. Prove that M is also a topological manifold, and moreover if each M_i is
 - (a) compact
 - (b) connectedthen so is M , in each case.
4. Find all connected covering spaces of $X = \mathbb{RP}^2 \vee S^1$ of covering degree ≤ 3 . Tell which coverings are normal (i.e. regular).
5. Let M be the compact surface, obtained as the quotient space of an octagon, whose edges are identified by labeling them (say, clockwise) as $aaxybbx^{-1}y^{-1}$. Compute $\pi_1(M)$, and the homology and cohomology groups $H_i(M; G)$, $H^i(M; G)$, for $G = \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}_2, \mathbb{Z}_3$. Tell which standard surface M is homeomorphic to. (You can use the classification of surfaces.)
6. Let $M = \mathbb{RP}^3 \# S^1 \times S^2$, i.e. connected sum of these 3-manifolds. Calculate the fundamental group and the integral homology groups of M .
7. Assuming that the complex projective plane \mathbb{CP}^2 is a finite simplicial complex, prove that any continuous map $f: \mathbb{CP}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^2$ has a fixed point, i.e. there exist $x \in \mathbb{CP}^2$ such that $f(x) = x$.